



Southern California Water Dialogue: Sustainable Groundwater Management April 23, 2014

Presentation Outline

- Outreach Efforts
- Draft Findings
- Draft Recommendations
- Challenging issues
- Next steps





Outreach Efforts

- Stakeholder Steering Committee
- Multiple Interest Group meetings
- Individual Stakeholder discussions
- State Agency discussions
- State Administration and Legislative discussions



Draft Findings

- Groundwater resources are essential to California's economy, environment and public health and safety
- Current groundwater management <u>trends are not</u> <u>sustainable</u>
- Groundwater is most effectively managed at the local and regional level ["Subsidiarity"]
- Local groundwater management entities require <u>new</u> <u>authorities</u>



Draft Findings (cont.)

- Clear and meaningful <u>state roles</u> are needed to protect state interests
- <u>Sufficient time</u> is necessary to achieve sustainability
- <u>Funding</u> is needed to support sustainable groundwater management
- Groundwater management needs to be <u>inclusive and</u> <u>transparent</u>
- Respect for water rights is fundamental to groundwater management



Sustainable Groundwater Management Draft Recommendations

- 1. Adopt a definition of sustainable groundwater management
- 2. Develop a prioritized statewide program covering all subbasins
- 3. Establish local groundwater management entities
- 4. Provide local entities with sufficient groundwater management authorities



Sustainable Groundwater Management Draft Recommendations (cont'd)

- 5. Develop local sustainable groundwater management plans
- 6. Establish a clear and coordinated state role for assistance, oversight, and enforcement
- 7. Reduce time and cost of adjudications
- 8. Establish funding for groundwater management

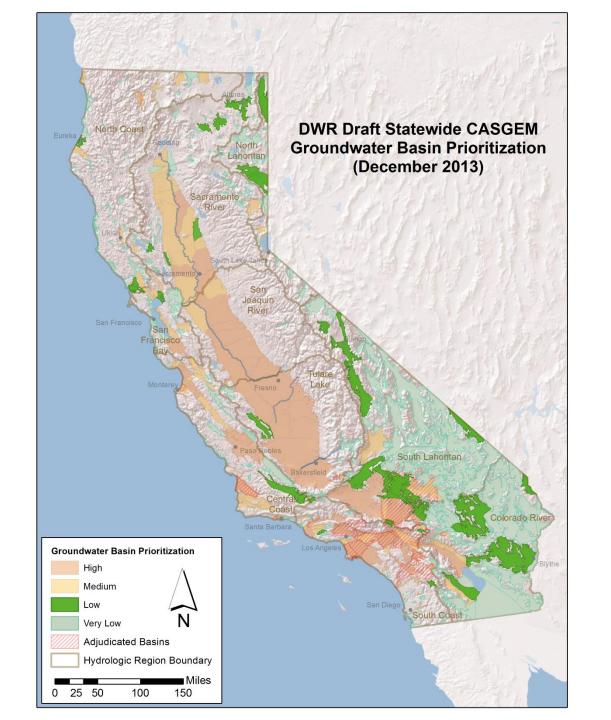


Definition of sustainable groundwater management

To protect the resource for future generations, sustainable groundwater management means the management of a groundwater subbasin to provide for multiple long-term benefits without resulting in or aggravating conditions that cause significant economic, social, or environmental impacts, such as:

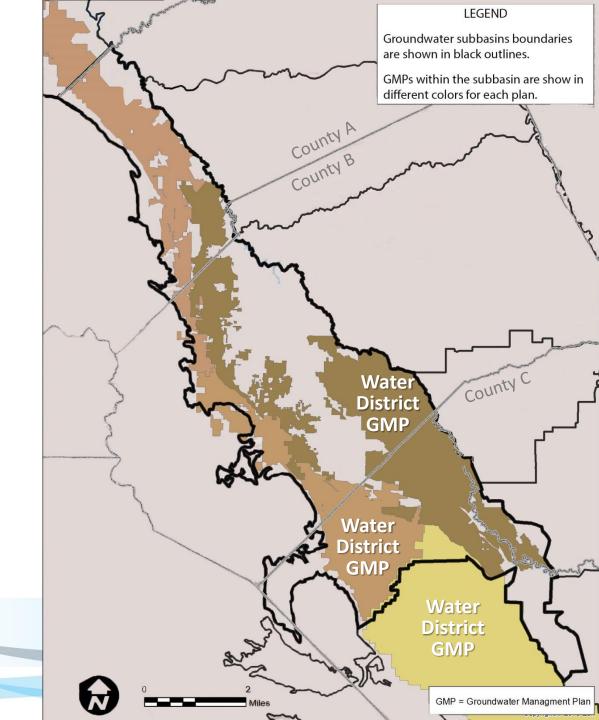
- long-term overdraft
- land subsidence
- ecosystem degradation
- depletions from surface water bodies
- water quality degradation





LGME Jurisdiction Formation

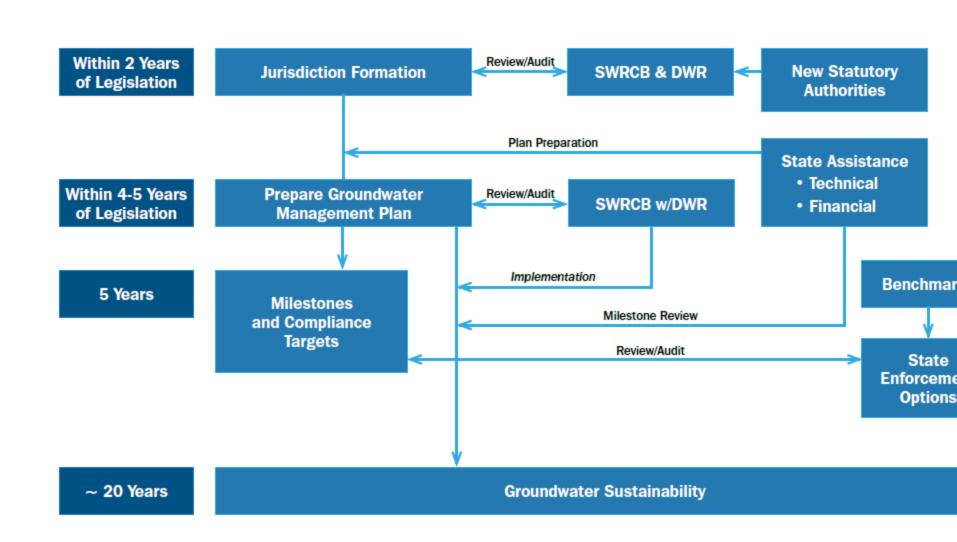






CONCEPT FOR:

Groundwater Act of 2014 for priority basins



Challenging Issues

- Establishing the jurisdiction
- Protecting of water rights
- Managing for water quality



- Ensuring inclusiveness and transparency
- Integrating water and land management
- Preventing vs. reacting (tipping points)



Moving Forward

- 100 years to get here
- Critical issue for everyone
- Must avoid the slow moving disaster
- Now is the time

